



Electromobility+ mid-term seminar Copenhagen, 6-7 February 2014 Rochdi TRIGUI IFSTTAR Project coordinator

EVREST: Electric Vehicle with Range Extender as a Sustainable Technology.



EVREST – Presentation

07-02-2014





- Project goal
- Project structure
- WPs progress, first results
- Management and dissemination
- Next steps and perspectives











Goal and methodology

Main objective: to evaluate Extended Range Electric Vehicle as an optimized solution contributing to electromobility by addressing:

- Battery size (cost) according to the users expected range
- Driver psychological assurance (guaranteed range)



Proposed approach:

- To identify actual needs of European mobility through existing data
- To define and optimize the size of different solutions based on EREV from uses' specifications
- To build scenarios for forecasting EREV possible diffusion
- To evaluate the solutions (use + technology):
 - Environmental aspects (LCA)
 - Acceptability (sociological, economical, ...)
 - Recharging facilities







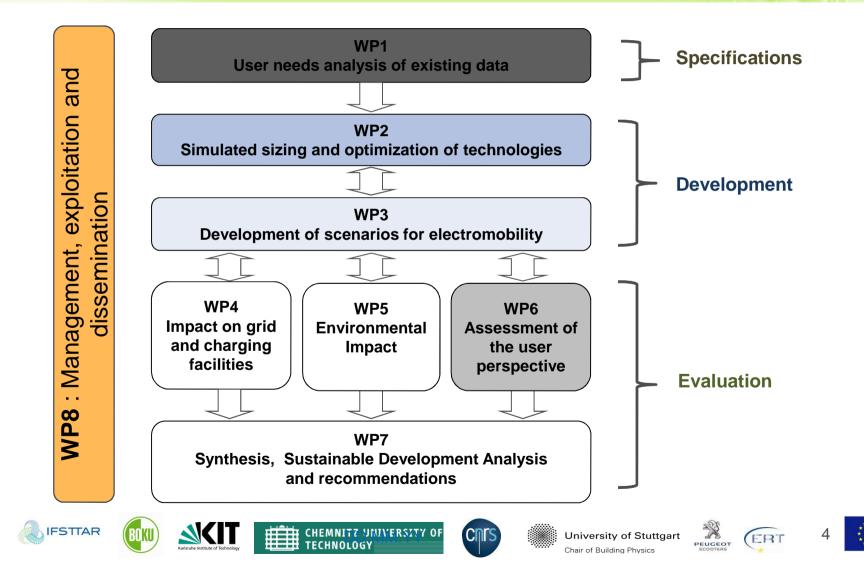


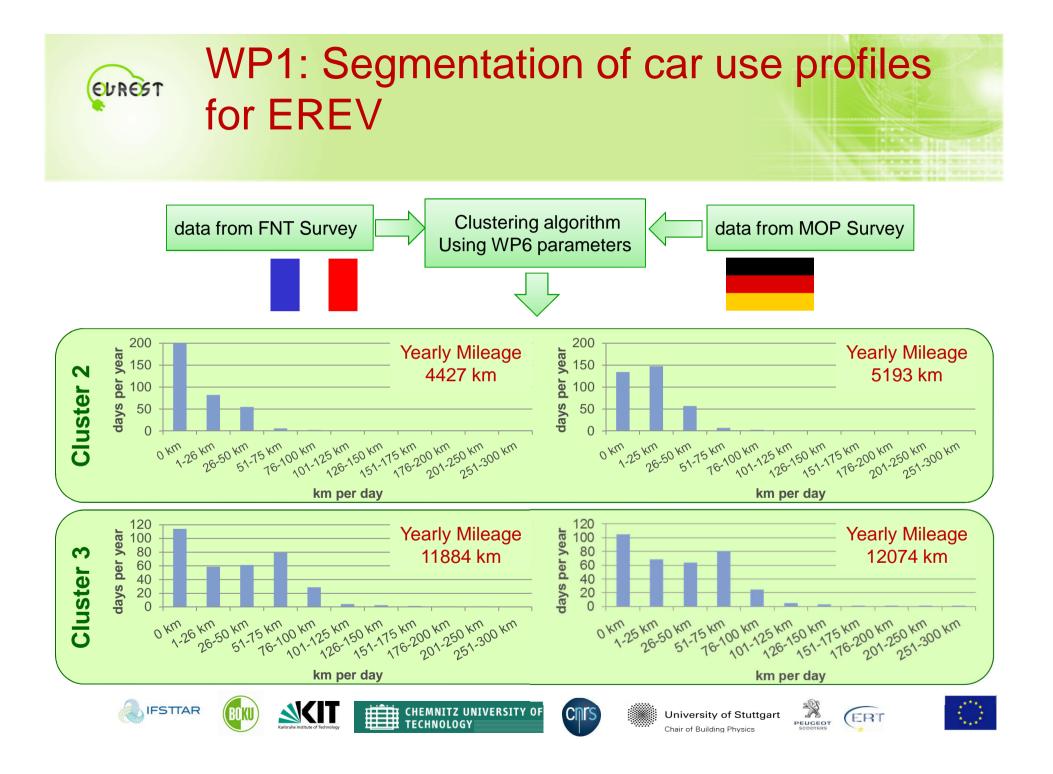






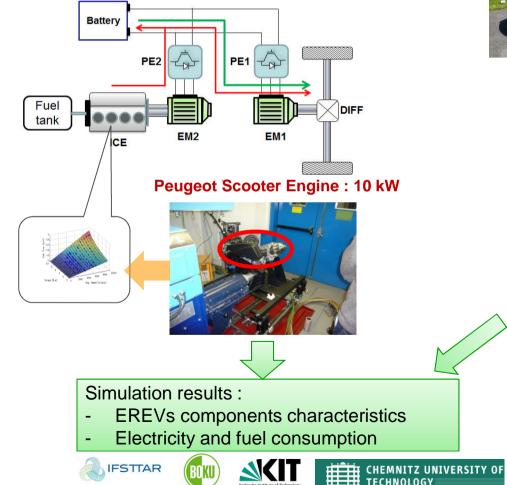
Structure





WP2: Simulation based EREV design EUREST

Vehicle and components models Using IFSTTAR-VEHLIB software

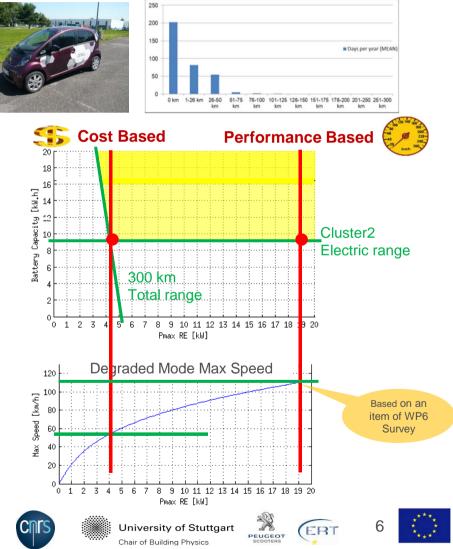


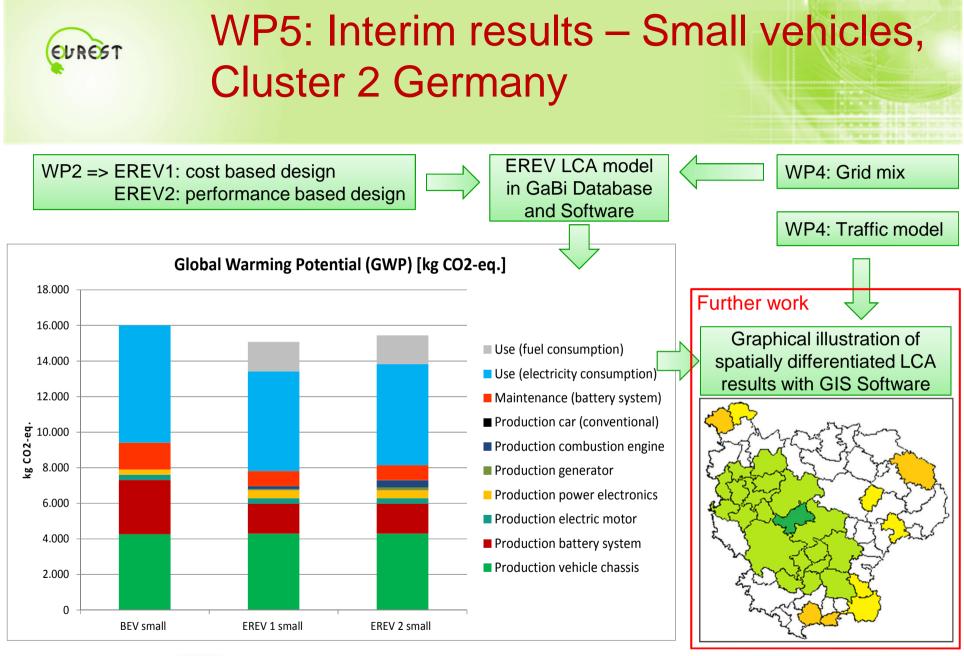
TECHNOLOGY

IFSTTAR

Small Class

Cluster 2













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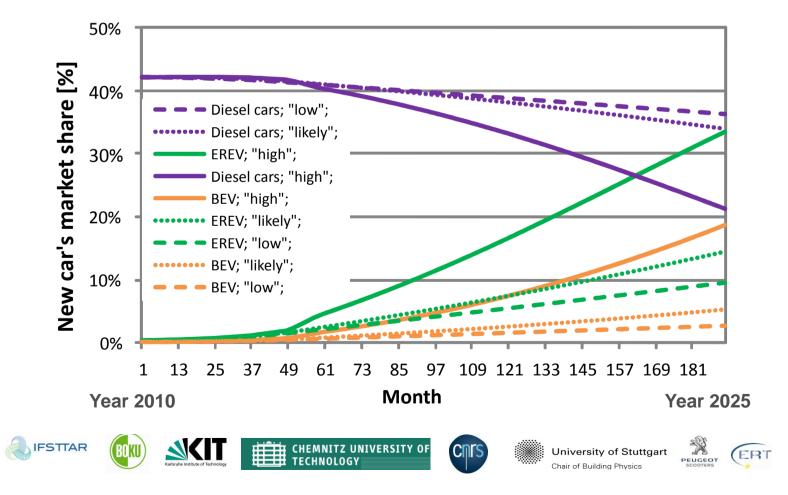
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WP3: Preliminary results – example of German car market

Scenarios setting: Development of 3 future framework scenarios for electromobility (optimistic (high), pessimistic (low) and most likely), Collection of 21 indicators for France, Germany, Austria (for the base year 2010 – and prognosis 2025),

EUREST





WP4: Simulation of EREV usage and application in the Stuttgart metropolitan area

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Simulation of EREV usage

- Multi agent simulation model mobiTopp
- •Stuttgart metropolitan area

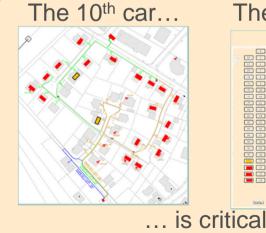


Three EREV scenarios
Model extension to one week
Implementation of EREVs

IFSTTAR

Impact of EREV usage on the energy system

- Electricity generation
- Distribution grid: Critical mass of simultaneously charging EREVs in two test grids



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The 8th car...



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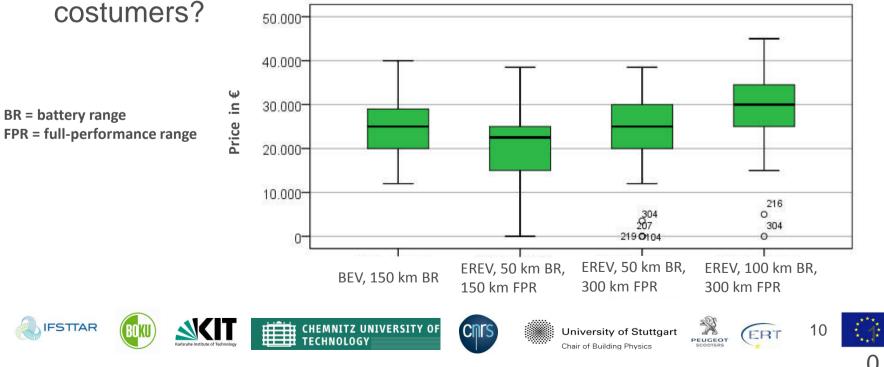
PEUGEOT



WP6 – user perspective on critical aspects of EREVs

- First survey with 61 participants participant profile:
 - Potential early EV customers (applicants/participants in EV field trial)
 - Sufficient practical experience with limited-range mobility
 - Mobility profile: substantial daily distances (average: 111 km)







« technological strategies »:

Provide inputs for manufacturers and decision makers about:

- EREV technology with different battery sizing
- The expected performances (range, speed, LCA)

« Socio economic issues »:

- EREV penetration scenario's up to 2025
- Use and user patterns, social acceptability of EREV

« Research and development »:

- vehicle architecture: EREV power train design integrated methodology directly linked to use data.













Project management and dissemination

- 6 project meetings : 2 Paris, Chemnitz, Karlsruhe, Vienna, Lyon
- Expert workshop, Vienna June 2013
- Deliverables D1.1 and D1.2 available
- Advisory board constituted (Renault, BMW, Austrian Federal Ministry for Transport)
- Project website : http://www.evrest-project.org/
- Project shared space: http://listes.ifsttar.fr/wws/info/evrest-partners
- **2** TRA2014 Conference accepted papers, to be presented in april 2014 in Paris











Next steps and perspectives

- WP2: Catalogue of EREV designs (ongoing delivrable) and study of the Fuel Cell based EREV
- WP3: Framework and trends for electromobility including EREV (ongoing delivrable)
- WP4: Assigning EREV use to households in the Stuttgart metropolitan area and assessing impact on the grid
- WP5: More detailed and spatially differentiated LCA of the selected designs of EREV
- WP6: Finalize surveys and conclusions on users perspectives
- WP7: Setting the methodology of the results synthesis
- Dissemination of the project results
- Possible extension of the developed approach to other kind of vehicles



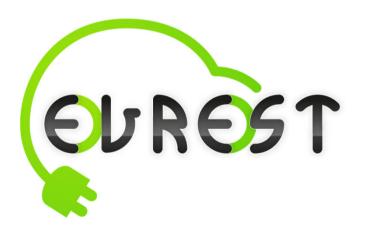








Thank you for you attention.



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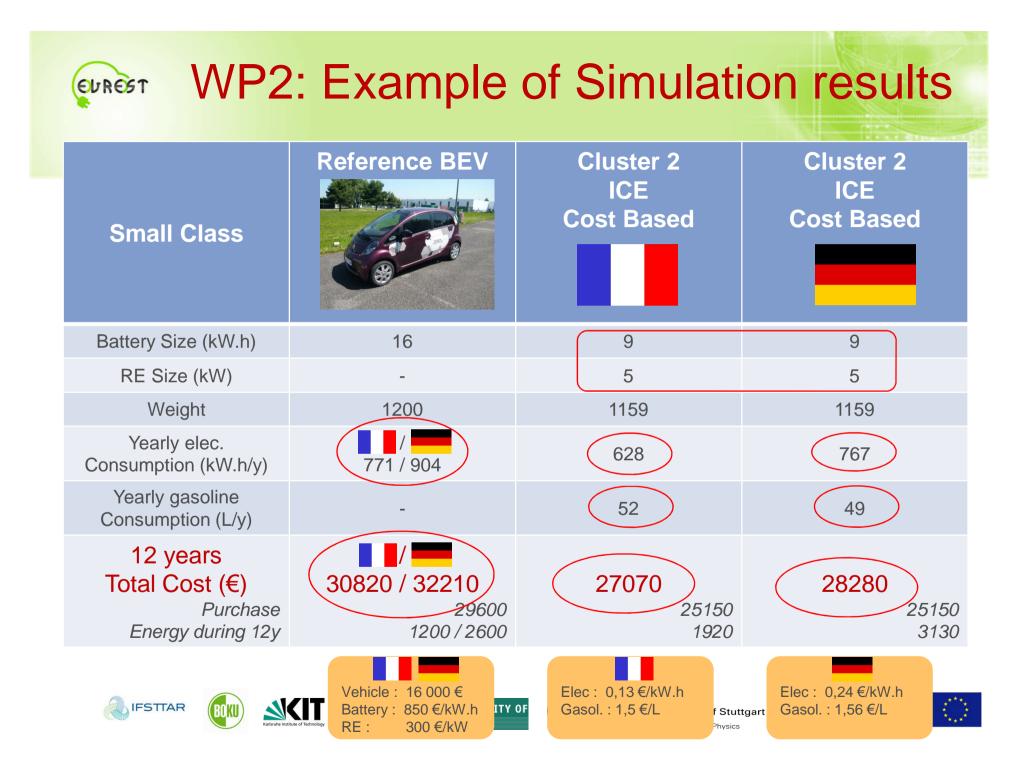


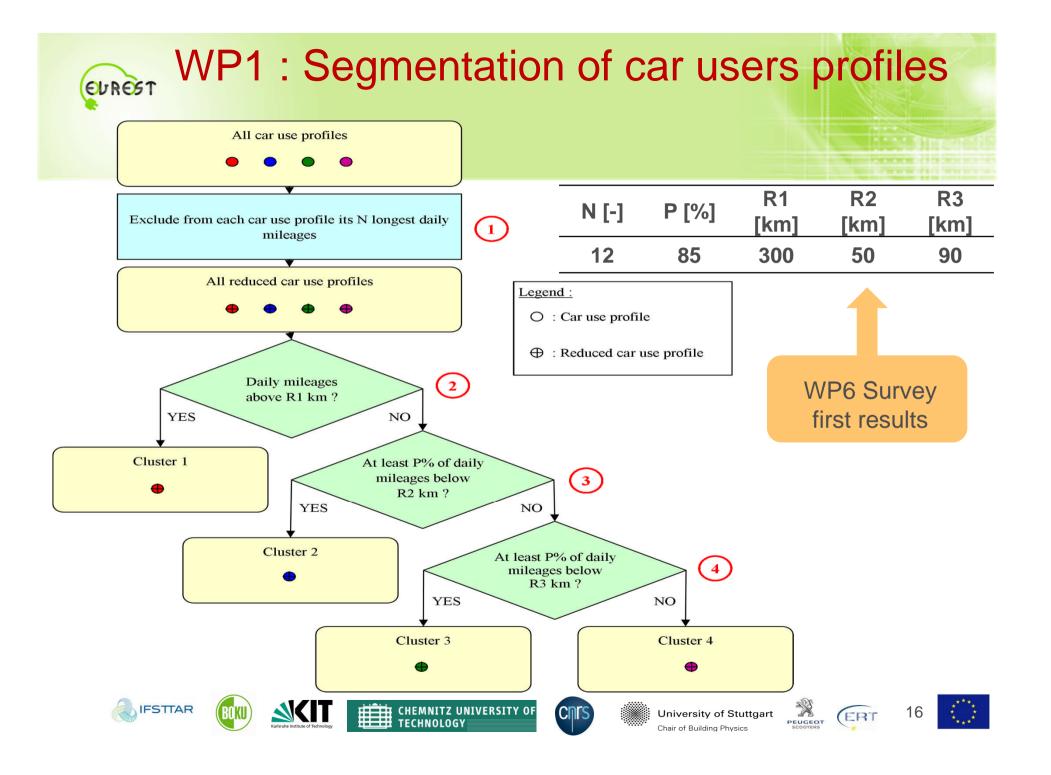


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LBP-GaBi Universität Stuttgart	Chair of Building Physics	Germany
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