Electromobility + *A European joint research programme*

Bernard Duhem, Conference, Berlin, May 20th, 2015



Starting points

Electromobility+

- Energy prices
 140 dollars per barrel in May 2008
- Economic crisis
- National and European answers
 Innovation, European green car initiative, national programmes, competition
- Future of FP 7 Increase states involvment, extend the role of ERA-Net+

ERA-Net Transport

- Basis network, established in 2004
- Supported the development of topic specific cooperations
- Supported the set-up of the Era-Net Plus Eletcromobility+





Preparation steps

Electromobility+

|--|

May 2009	High Level Group, Stavanger
September 2009	Position paper
November 2009	High Level Group, The Hague, Decision for a common programme (10 countries)
May 2010	High Level Group, Paris Communication to the EC (10 countries, 20 M€ for call 2011)
September 2010	High Level Group, Stockholm Contents & Governance Five key dimension (socio-economic and technologic), a governance board with 19 bodies from 13 countries or regions, a pilot group with 3 countries)



Electromobility+ Process of the programme

November 2010	1st Governance Board (Berlin), decisions	
December 2010	Call opening, ERA-Net Proposal to EC	
January 2011	Information and Brokerage Event (Cologne)	
March 2011	Call closure : 40 proposals	
May-September 2011	Two step evaluation : 20 proposals succeed	
November 2011	Governance Board (Utrecht) : 20 projects selected	
September 2012	Launching seminar (Paris)	
February 2014	Mid-term seminar (Copenhagen)	
May 2015	Conference and final results (Berlin)	



The Funding Partners

Electromobility+



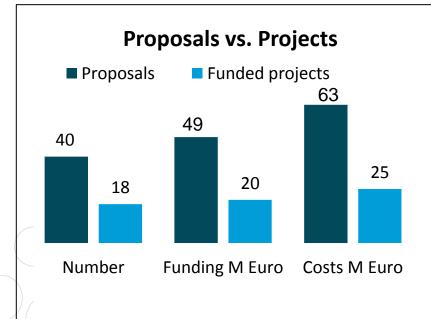
Funding Partnership

- 19 Partners
- 15 Programmes
- 11 Countries and Regions
 - Austria
 - Denmark
 - Finland
 - France
 - Germany
 - The Netherlands
 - Norway
 - Poland
 - Sweden
 - Piedmont
 - Flanders
- European Commission

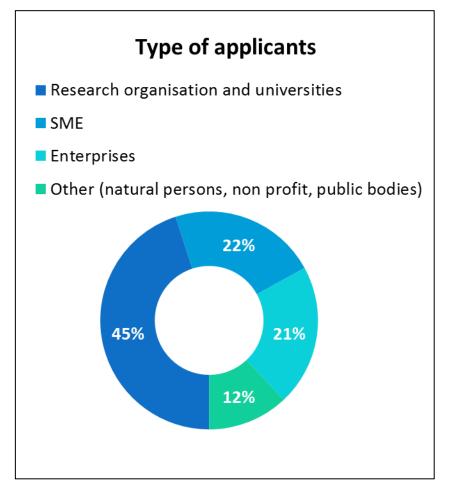


Call statistics

Electromobility+



- 40 proposals received
- 18 projects funded
 - Funding 20 M €
 - Costs 25 M €





Projects

Electromobility+

COMPETT	E-FACTS	
DEFINE	SCELECTRA	Socio-economic
EMAP	SELECT	ISSUES
EV-STEP		
ABATTRELIFE	EVREST	
CACTUS	NEMO	Technological
DAME	SPEED FOR SMES	STRATEGIES
EVERSAFE		
FCCF-APU		
K-VEC		Decenery
MALISU		Research & Development
MATLEV		

18 Trans-national projects

- 3 Key dimensions
- 96 partners
 - Industry
 - SME
 - Academia
- 11 countries



Lessons on the process

Electromobility+

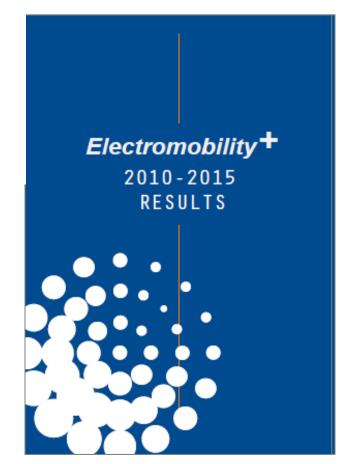
- Innovative funding mechanism : funds from 15 national programmes + topped up by EC
- Complex set-up due to "pioneer situation" for partners
- Tools and procedures basically work well
- Blue print for the funding mechanism has been developed
- User-friendliness and process efficiency can be improved
 - Harmonize national evaluations
 - A two-step submission may have advantages
 - Reduce time to contract for the research projects



Global results

Electromobility+

- A clear validation of the global strategy of the programme
- Experience of large cooperation between countries (EN+)
- A lot of knowledge, expertise and tools (usable by actors)
- Many comparisons between countries





Present situation and inputs of the programme (1)

Energy context not favourable

Climate and local pollution still strong issues, but low price, shale gas, new coal and nuclear dynamic

Electromobility in progress

+ 60% in Europe from 2013 to 2014, raising visibility (Norway), a lot of new models, unless some missing for commercial vehicles (SELECT), safety standards already high (<u>EVERSAFE</u>)

But still a niche and an uncertain potential

Market share of 0,57% in France in 2014 and hybrid cars four times more, mostly fleet operators except in Norway (<u>COMPETT</u>), potential vary depending to countries and scenarios : 30% of sales in Europe in 2030 for SCelecTRA but 7% for cars and 4% for commercial vehicles and buses for EV-STEP



Present situation and inputs of the programme (2)

Public policies strongly necessary

Infrastructure, incentives, visibility, advantages in use, EC regulation on CO2 emissions ; conditions to reach the goal of the German governement of 1 millions vehicles on the road in 2020 (*eMAP*)

Technology still open

Batteries, Plug-in hybrid, fuel cell and hydrogen, range extenders *(EVREST)*, charging strategies, charging technologies including ultra capacitors for buses (<u>K-VEC</u>), materials for components *(Speed for SMEs, MATLEV)*

Economic models and actors still open too

Cost of batteries and residual value of vehicles are still strong barriers (*COMPETT, SELECT*), Impact on the growth not completly clear, new actors in managing the relation to the grid, for second use and recycling (<u>*ABattReLife*</u>)



Present situation and inputs of the programme (3)

An important role for the fleets

A strong part of the market (50% in some countries), well known uses, easy management

The connection to the grid to be prepared
 Value the flexibility brought by vehicles, avoid negative references



Thank you for your attention

Continuation?

